



## BEAM POWER AMPLIFIER

Heater Coated	Unipotential	Cathode
Voltage	50	a-c or d-c volts
Current	0.15	amp.
Maximum Overall Length		3-5/16"
Maximum Seated Height		2-3/4"  -
Maximum Diameter		1-5/16"
Bulb		T_9
Base	Interm	mediate Shell Octal 7-Pin
Pin 1 - No Connection	0 0	Pin 5-Grid
Pin 2-Heater		Pin 7 - Heater
Pin 3-Plate	9/2-3/	Pin 8 - Cathode
Pin 4 - Screen		į
Mounting Position	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	Any
	MEY	· 1

#### BOTTOM VIEW (G-7AC)

#### AMPLIFIER

i	<del></del>				
	Plate Voltage		200	max.	volts
	Screen Voltage		117	max.	volts
	Plate Dissipation		10	max.	watts
	Screen Dissipation		1.25	max.	watts
	Typical Operation and Characteri.	stics -	Class A,	Amplif	ier:
	Plate	110	200	٠,	volts
	Screen	110	110	,	volts
	Grid *	-7.5	-8		volts
	Peak A-F Grid Voltage	7.5	8	,	volts
	Zero-Sig. Plate Cur.	49	50	r	na.
	MaxSig. Plate Cur.	50	55	r	ma.
	Zero-Sig. Screen Cur.	4	2	approx. r	na.
	Max.—Sig. Screen Cur.	11		approx.	
-	Plate Resistance	13000		approx.	
	Transconductance	9000	9500		umhos
	Load Resistance	2000	3000	·	ohms
	Total Harmonic Dist.	10	10	9	%
ı	Power Output	2.1	4.3	1	watts

In circuits where the cathode is not directly connected to the heater, the potential difference between heater and cathode should be kept as low as possible.

The type of input coupling should not introduce too much resistance in the grid circuit. Transformer— or impedance—coupling devices are recommended. When the grid circuit has a resistance not higher than 0.1 megohm, fixed bias may be used; for higher values, cathode bias is required. With cathode bias, the grid circuit may have a resistance not to exceed 0.5 megohm.

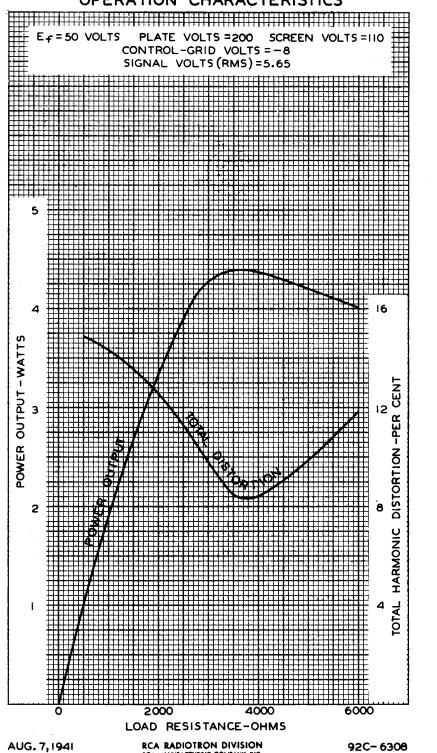
Curves under Type 25L6-GT also apply to the 50L6-GT.

→ Indicates a change.





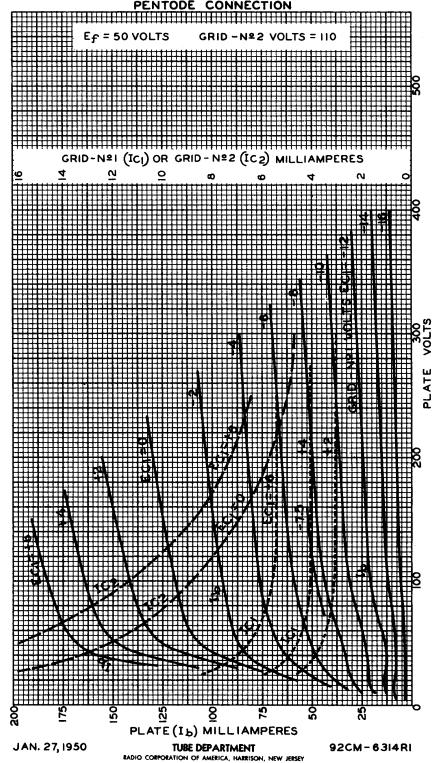
## **OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS**



RCA RADIOTRON DIVISION RCA MANUFACTURING COMPANY, INC.



# 50L6-GT AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS PENTODE CONNECTION





# AVERAGE PLATE CHARACTERISTICS TRIODE CONNECTION

